



开源发展委员会



2022 CCF中国开源大会  
2022 CCF China OSC

开源创新 引领未来

# 消失的艺术： 云原生中的运行时与Serverless

报告人：宋顺

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蚂蚁集团高级技术专家

2019 年加入蚂蚁集团，目前专注于云原生、微服务和消息等方向，如 Service Mesh、Application Runtime、Serverless 等



开源爱好者，Apollo Config PMC

<https://github.com/nobodyiam>



毕业于复旦大学软件工程系

曾就职于携程、大众点评，负责中间件、后台系统等研发工作

# 最卓越的技术是那些“消失不见的”技术

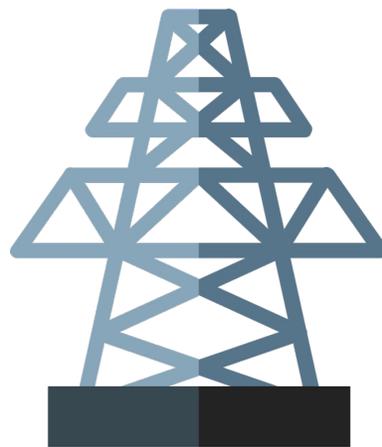
The most profound technologies are those that disappear.

—— Mark Weiser

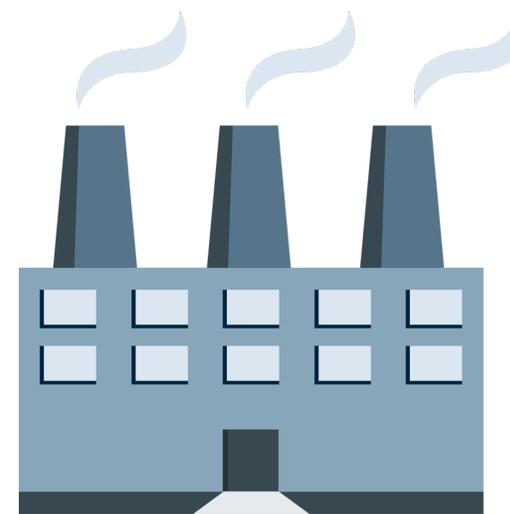
泛在计算概念的提出者



电 - 即插即用



无需感知电力基础设施



# 生活中消失不见的技术



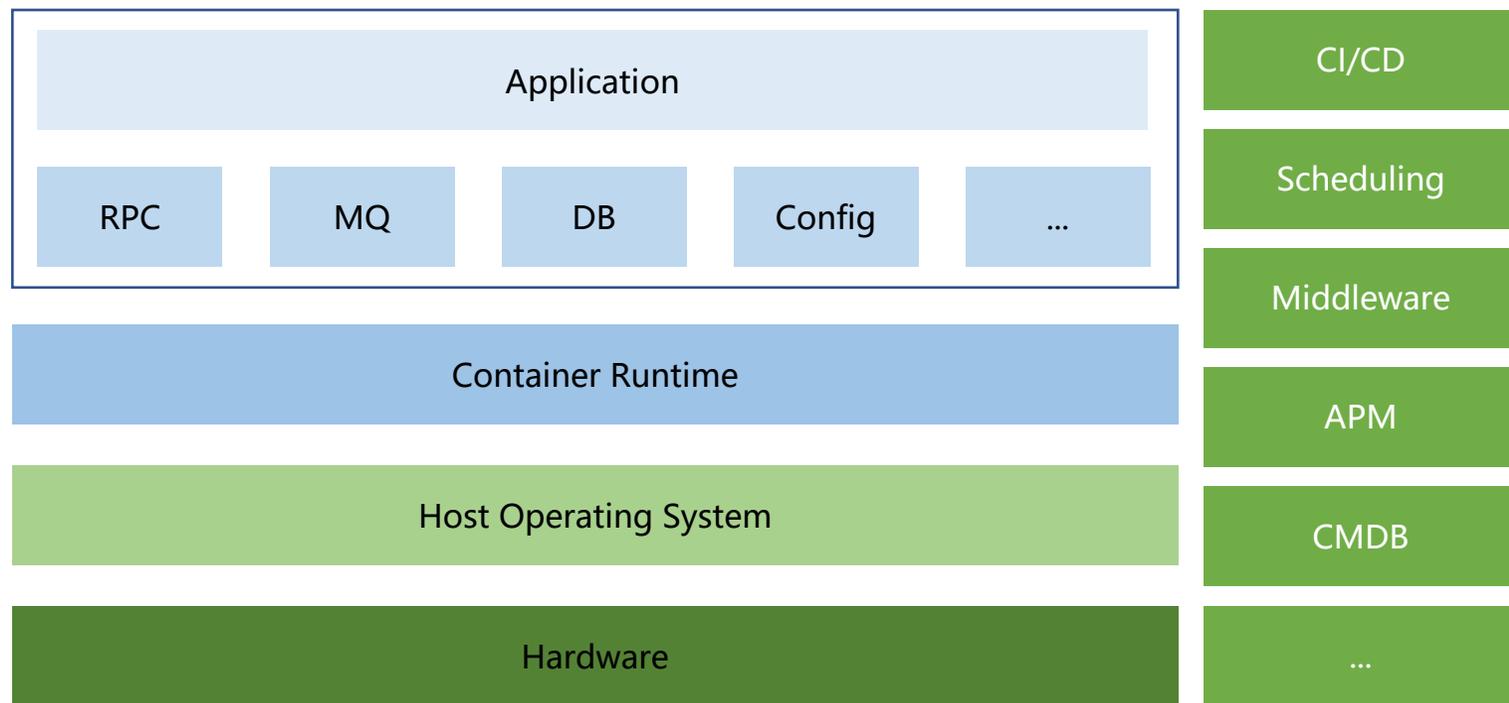
电 - 即插即用



水 - 随开随有



煤 - 随开随用



## 研发态负担



- 中间件 SDK 升级
- 多云差异感知
- ...

## 运维态负担

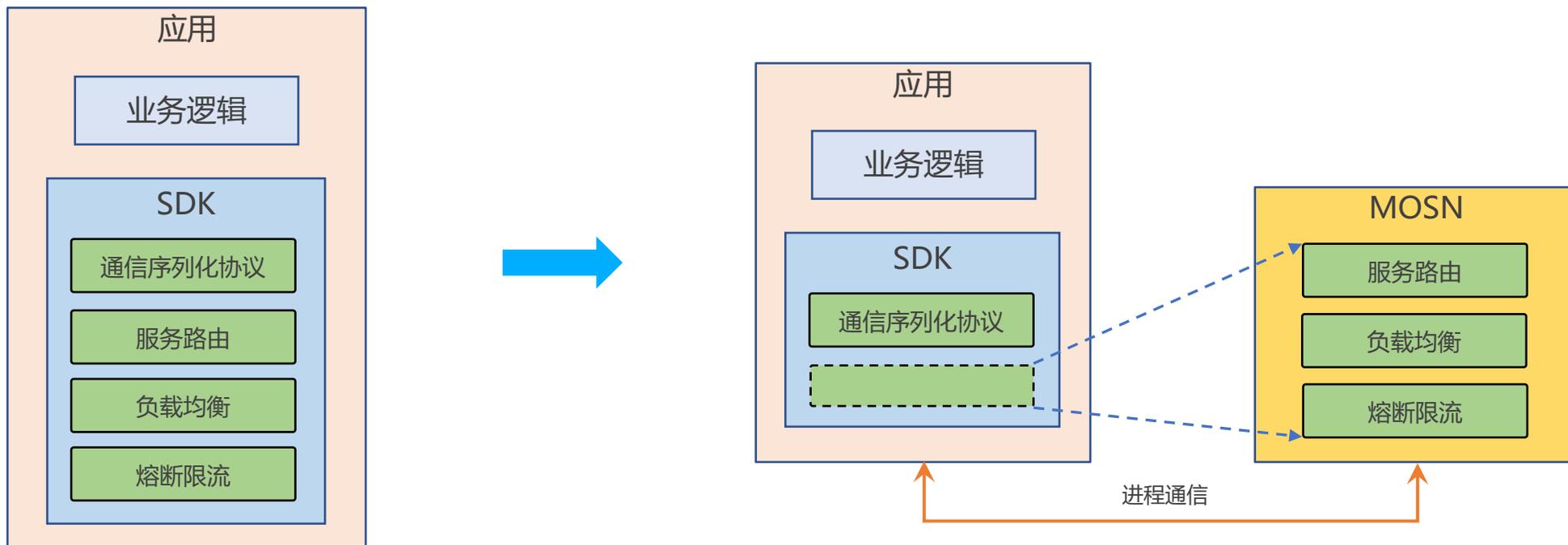


- 发布流程
- 资源申请
- 容量评估
- ...

技术基础设施的存在感越强，研发运维的效率就越低，无法把精力集中在业务创新上

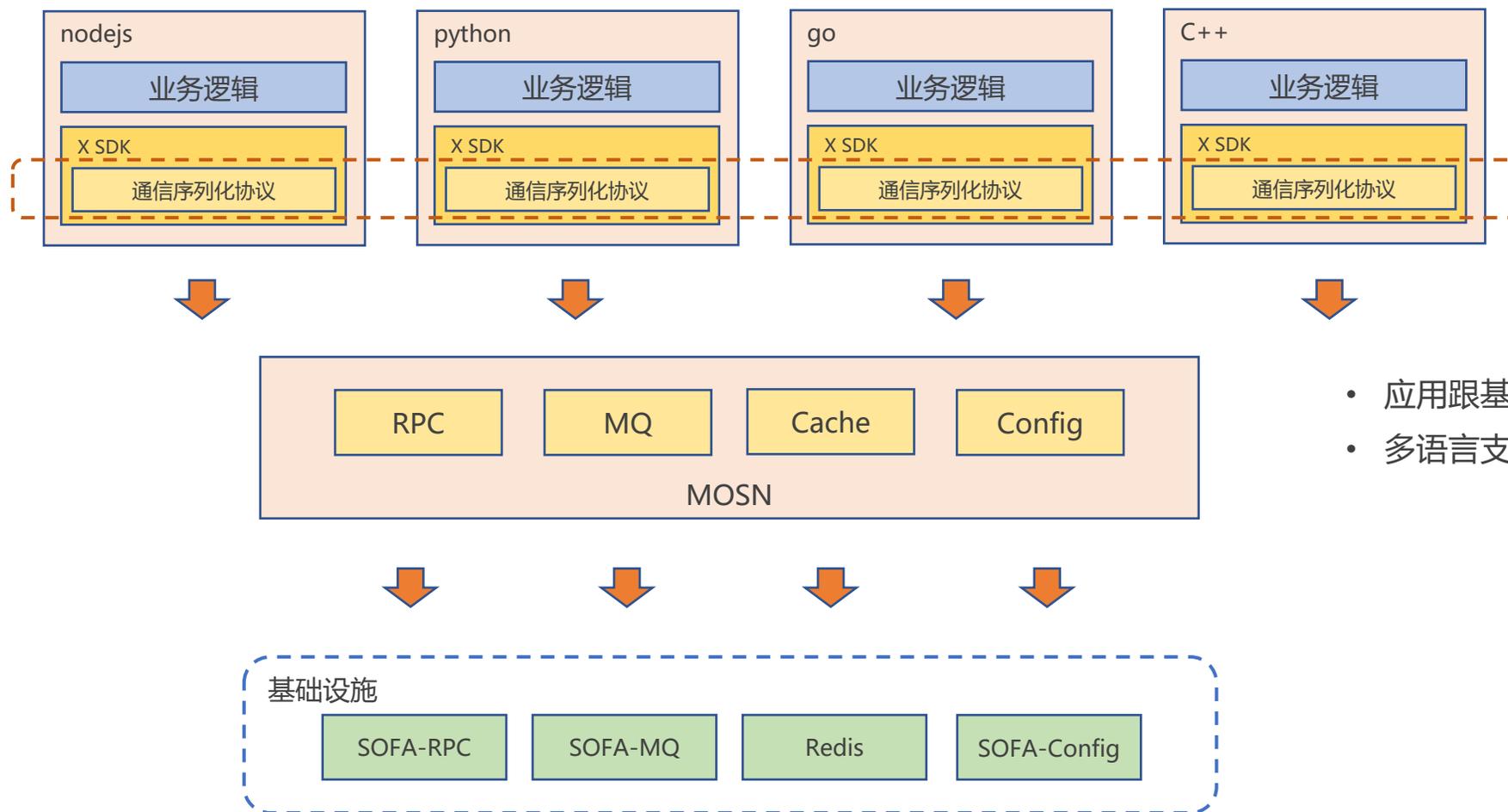
# 如何让技术基础设施消失不见？

# 从服务网格到应用运行时

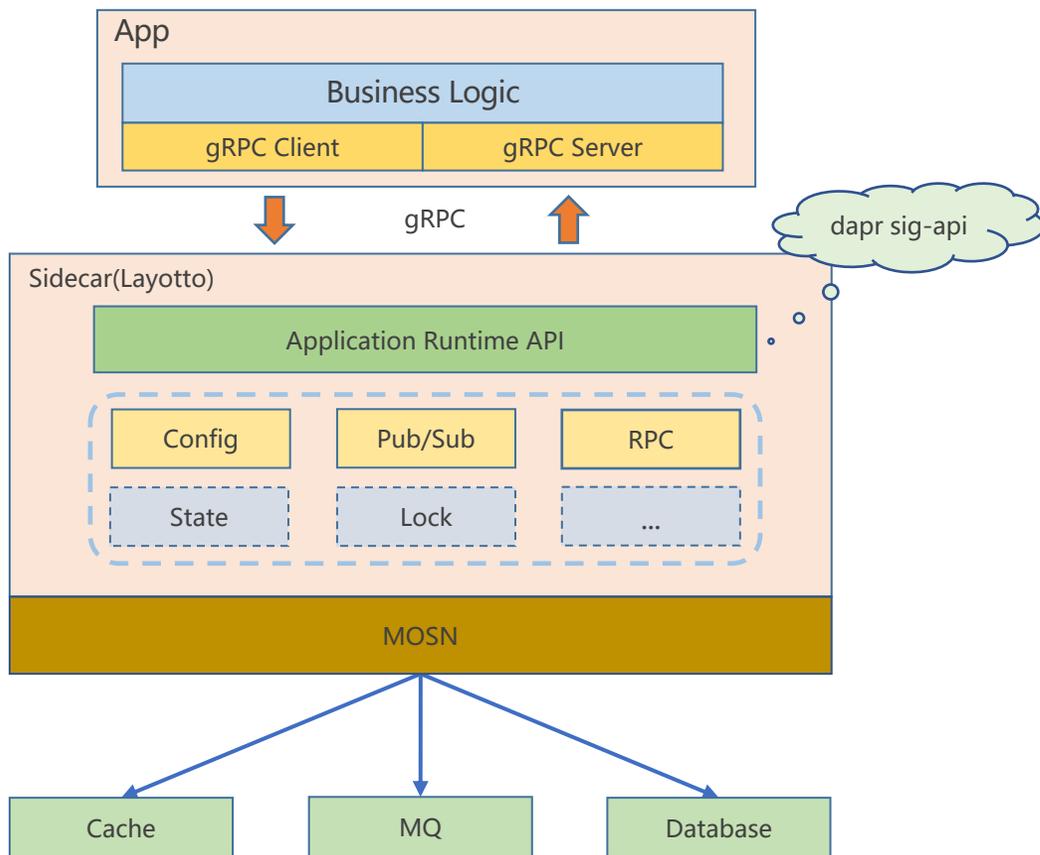


- 升级成本高
- SDK 版本碎片化
- 异构语言治理能力弱

- 业务解耦
- 独立演进、透明升级
- 异构语言治理



- 应用跟基础设施强绑定
- 多语言支持成本高



- 抽象分布式能力的标准 API
- 中间件能力下沉到 Layotto 中
- 使用多语言友好的 gRPC 协议通信

```
service Runtime {
  // InvokeService do rpc calls
  rpc InvokeService(InvokeServiceRequest) returns (InvokeResponse) {}

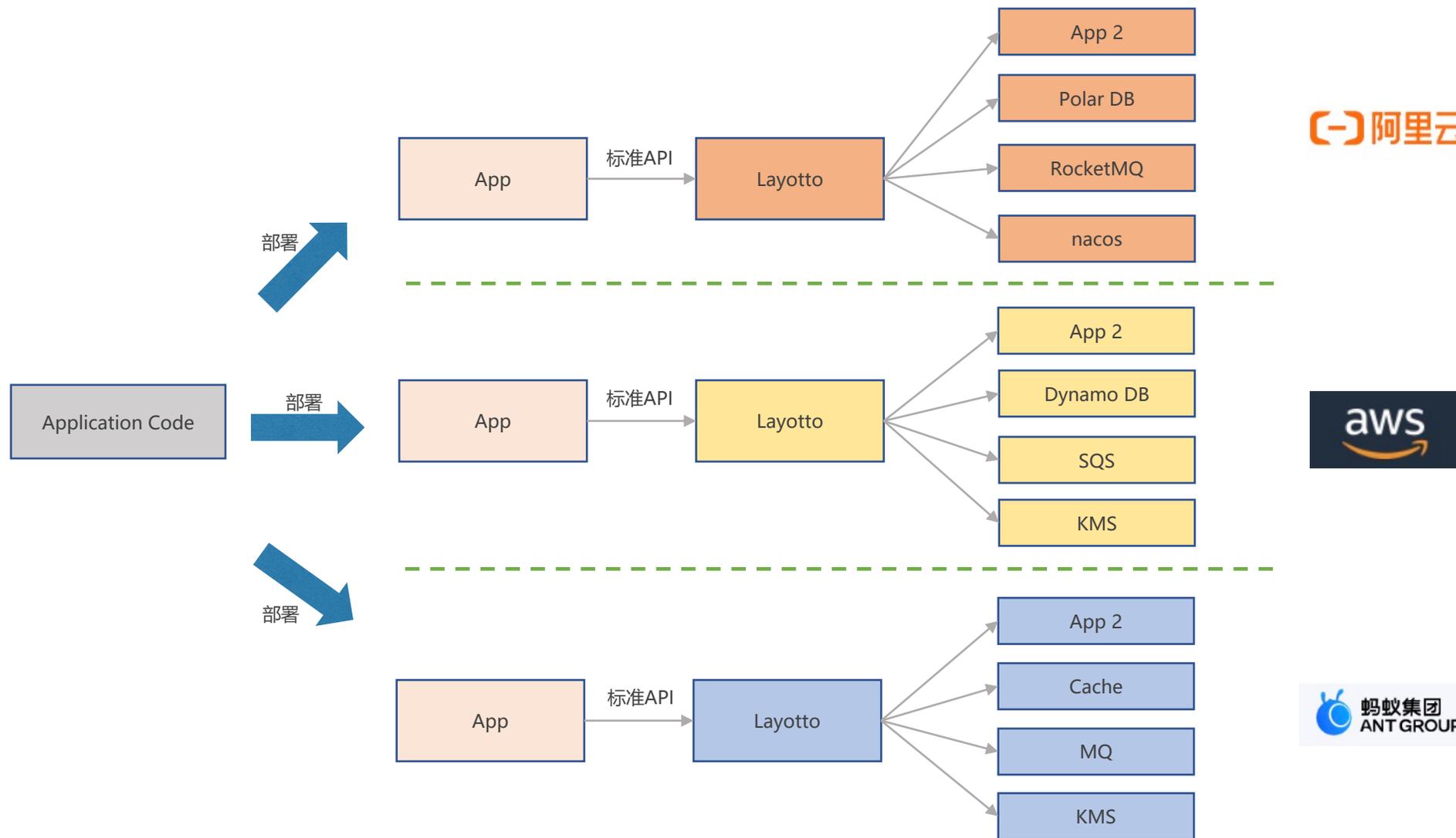
  // Gets the state for a specific key.
  rpc GetState(GetStateRequest) returns (GetStateResponse) {}

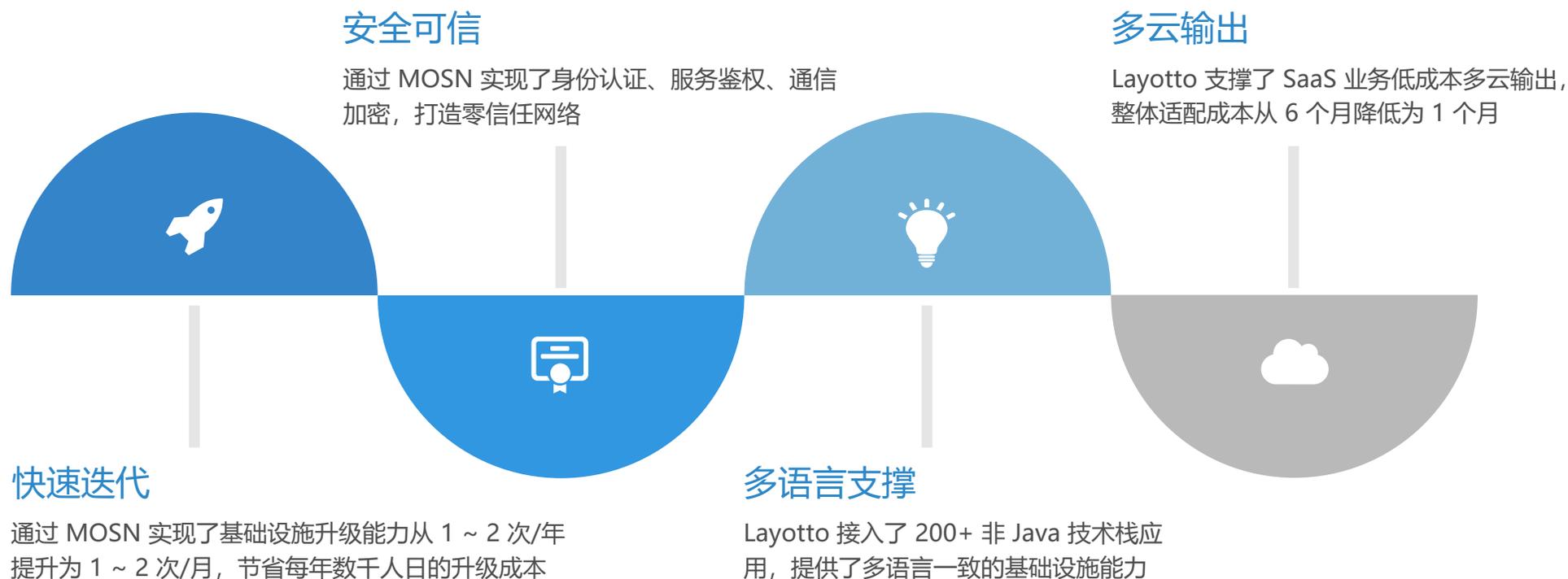
  // Saves an array of state objects
  rpc SaveState(SaveStateRequest) returns (google.protobuf.Empty) {}

  // Publishes events to the specific topic.
  rpc PublishEvent(PublishEventRequest) returns (google.protobuf.Empty) {}

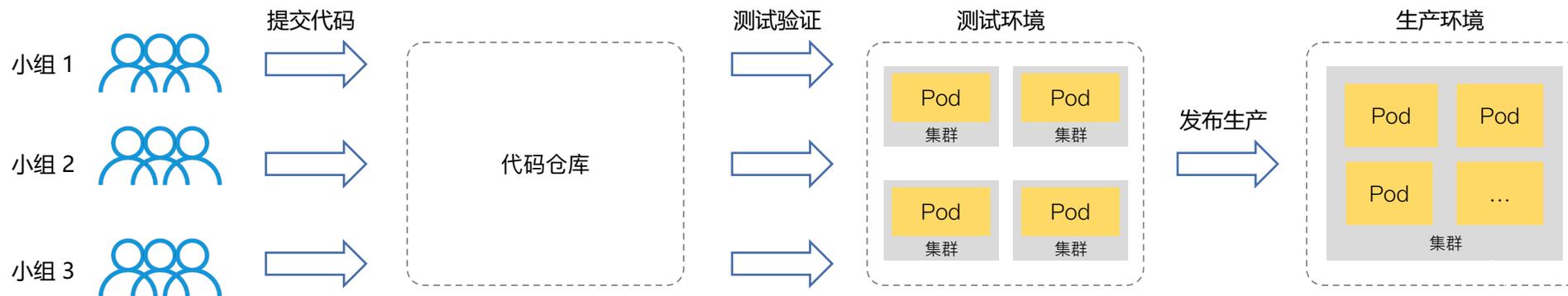
  ...
}
```

# Layotto 的可移植性

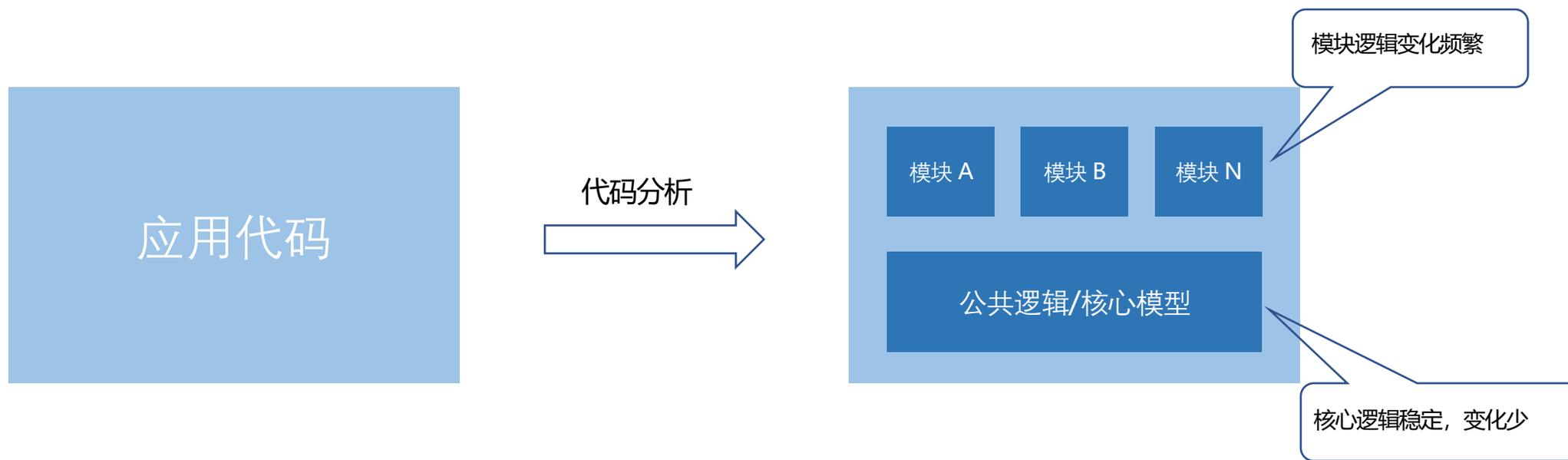


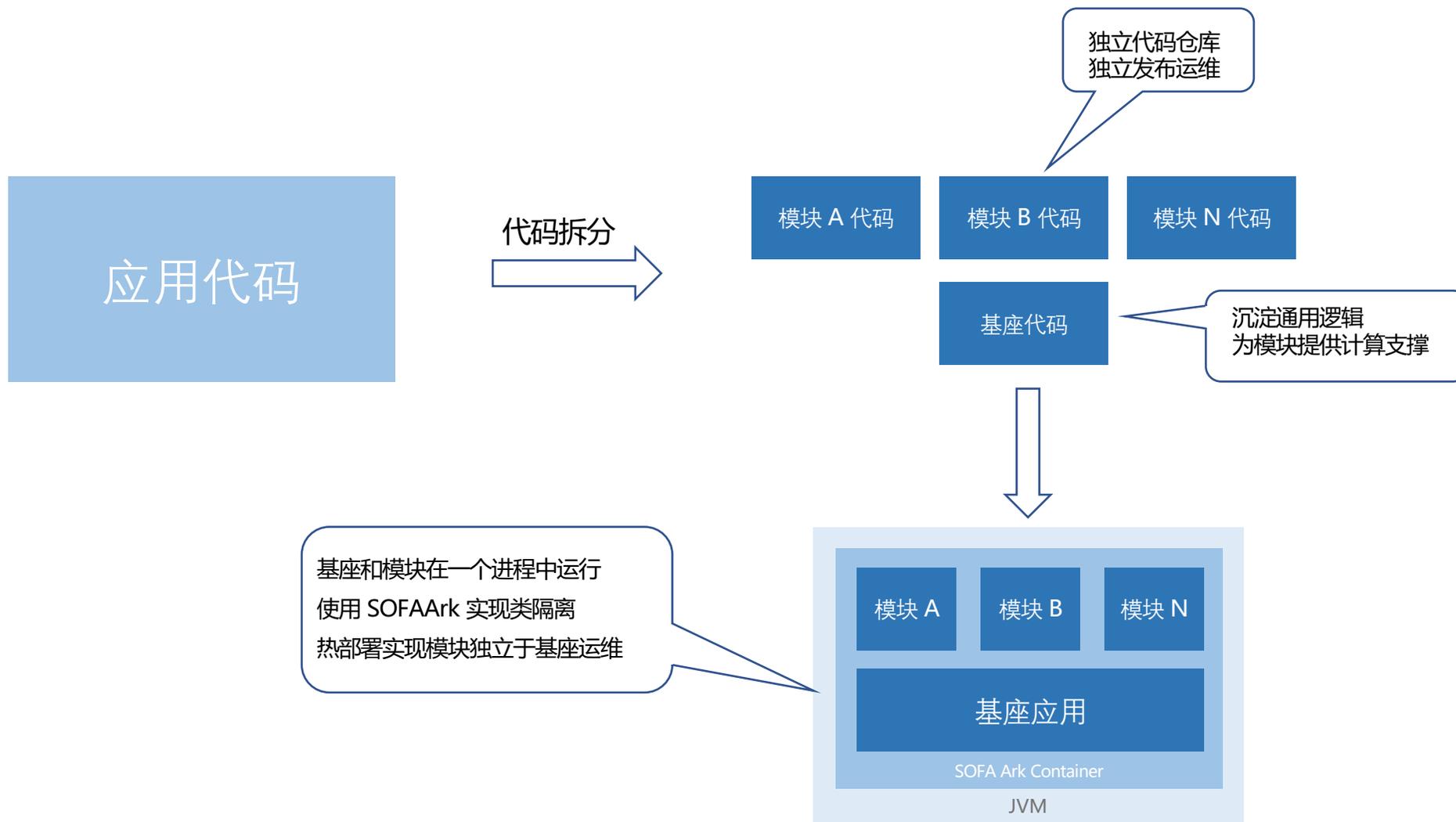


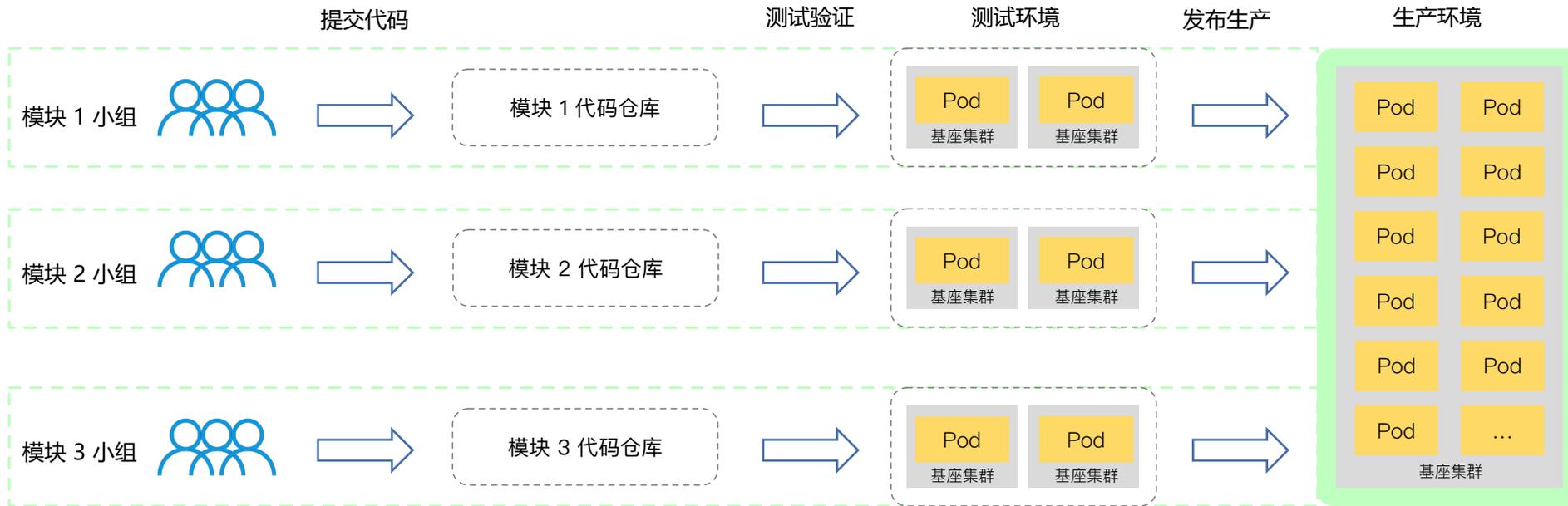
# 从 Server 到 Serverless



- 应用代码复杂，迭代堵车频发
- 发布流程重，交付周期漫长
- 启动速度慢，应急扩容迟缓







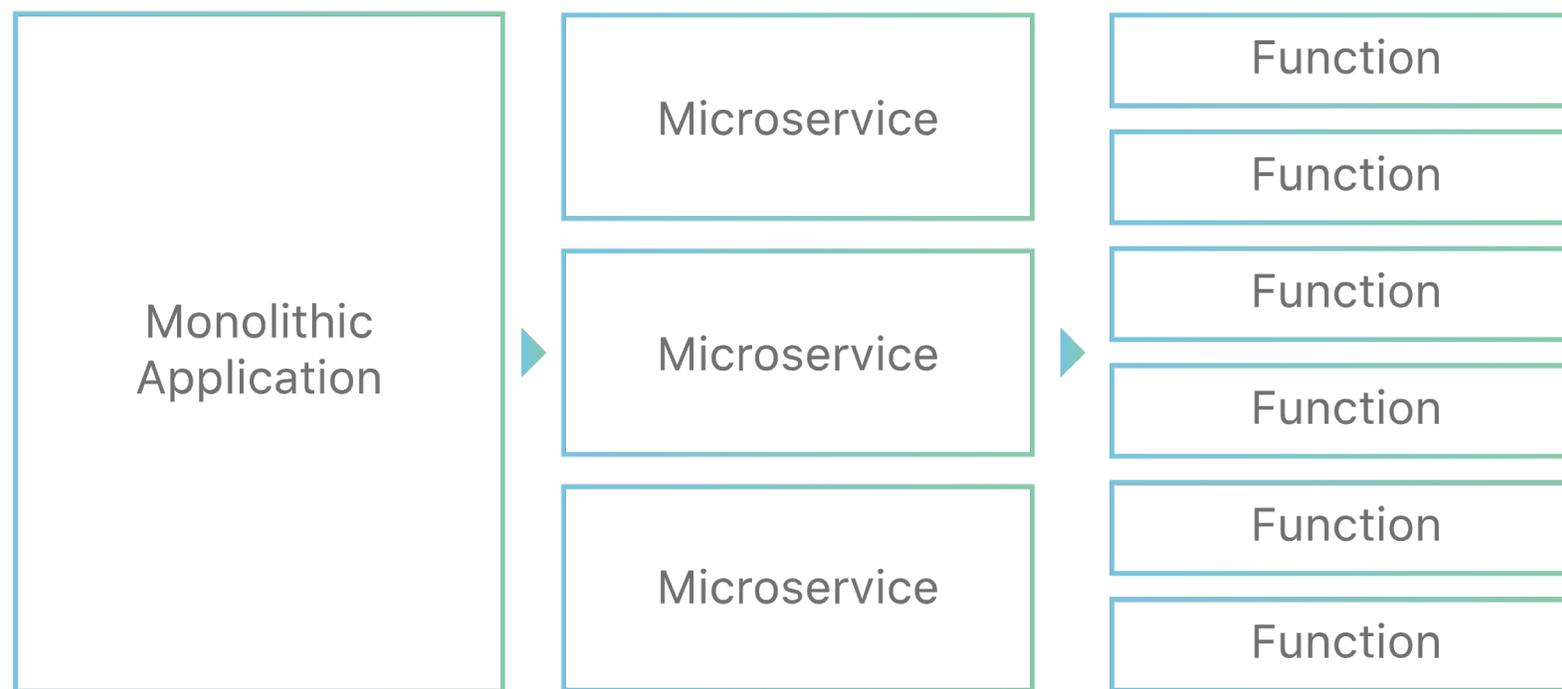
## 收益

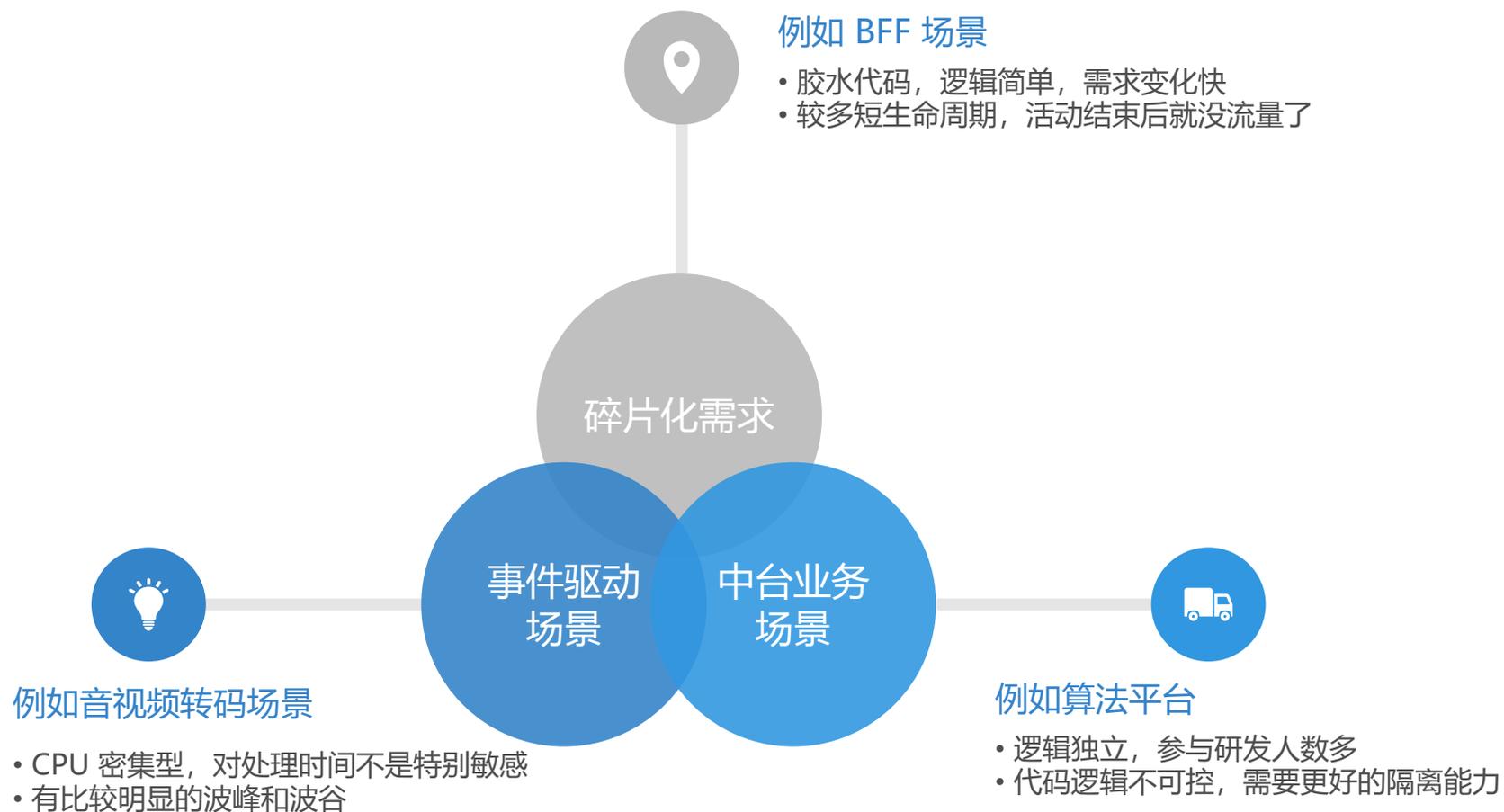
- 对模块开发者实现 Serverless, 不用关注资源
- 模块发布时间 10s, 具备快速迭代和快速伸缩能力
- 接入了 700+ 应用, 支撑了 1W+ 生产研发迭代

## 不足

- 仅限 Java 应用
- 模块间隔离性较差, 会互相影响
- 基座应用没有享受到 Serverless 红利

# 向 FaaS 迈进

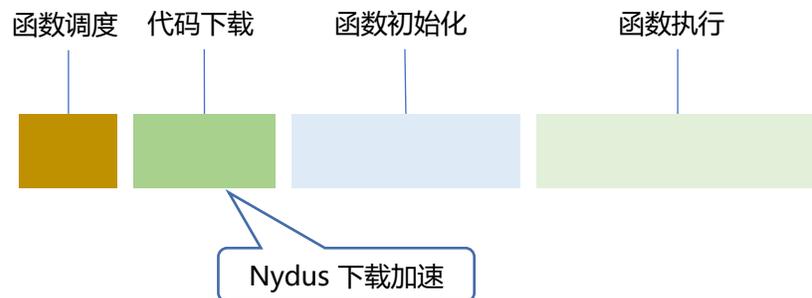
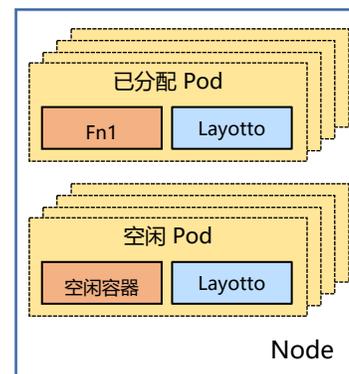
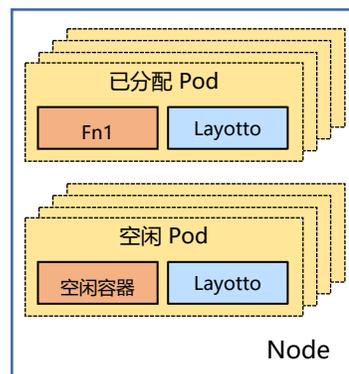
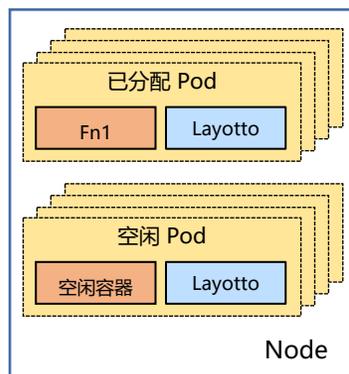




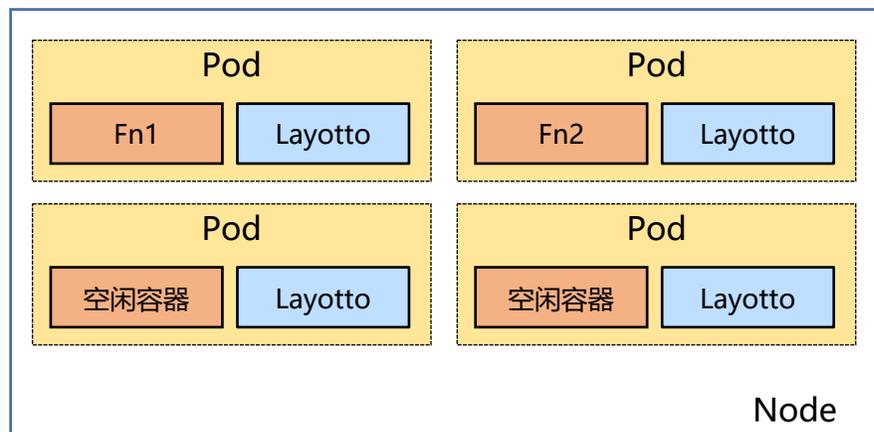
# 如何加快启动速度?



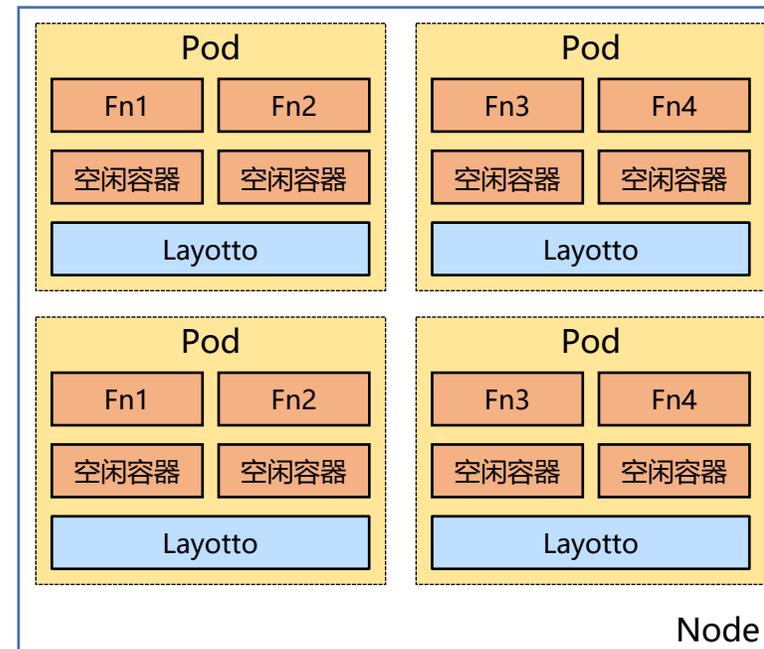
Pod 预热?



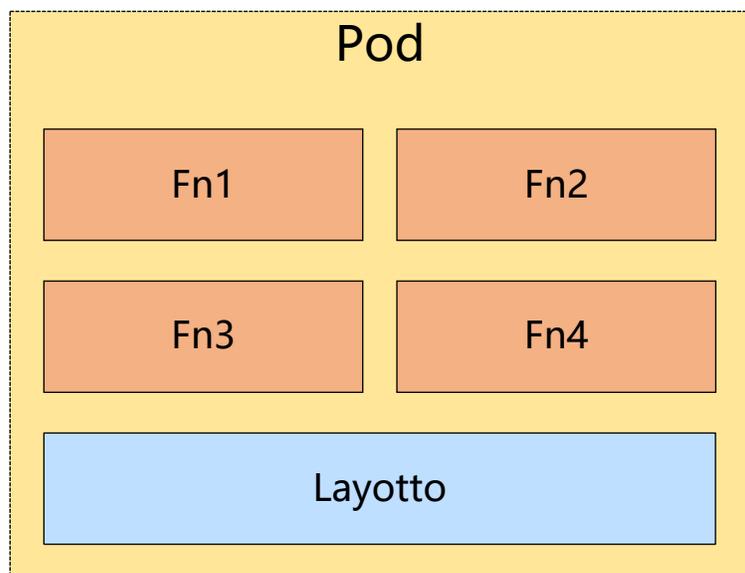
# 降低 Layotto 资源占用



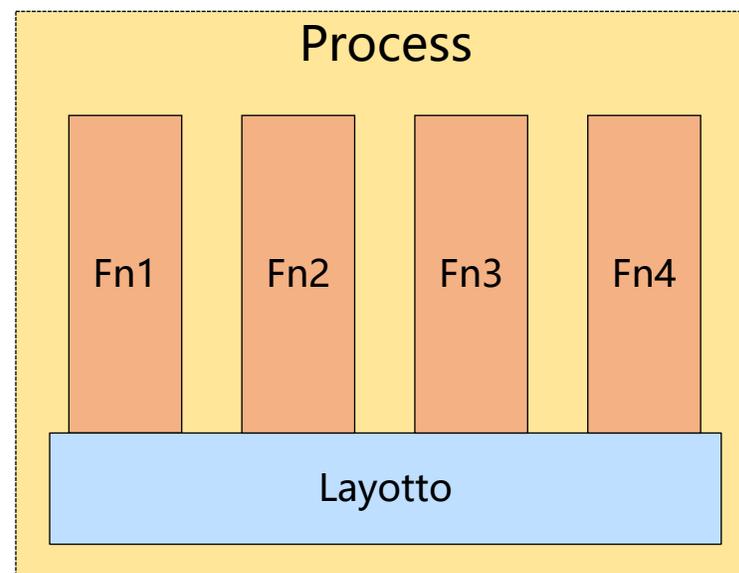
小规格函数? 0.25C 0.5G?



# 能否更进一步?



函数托管在 Layotto 上?

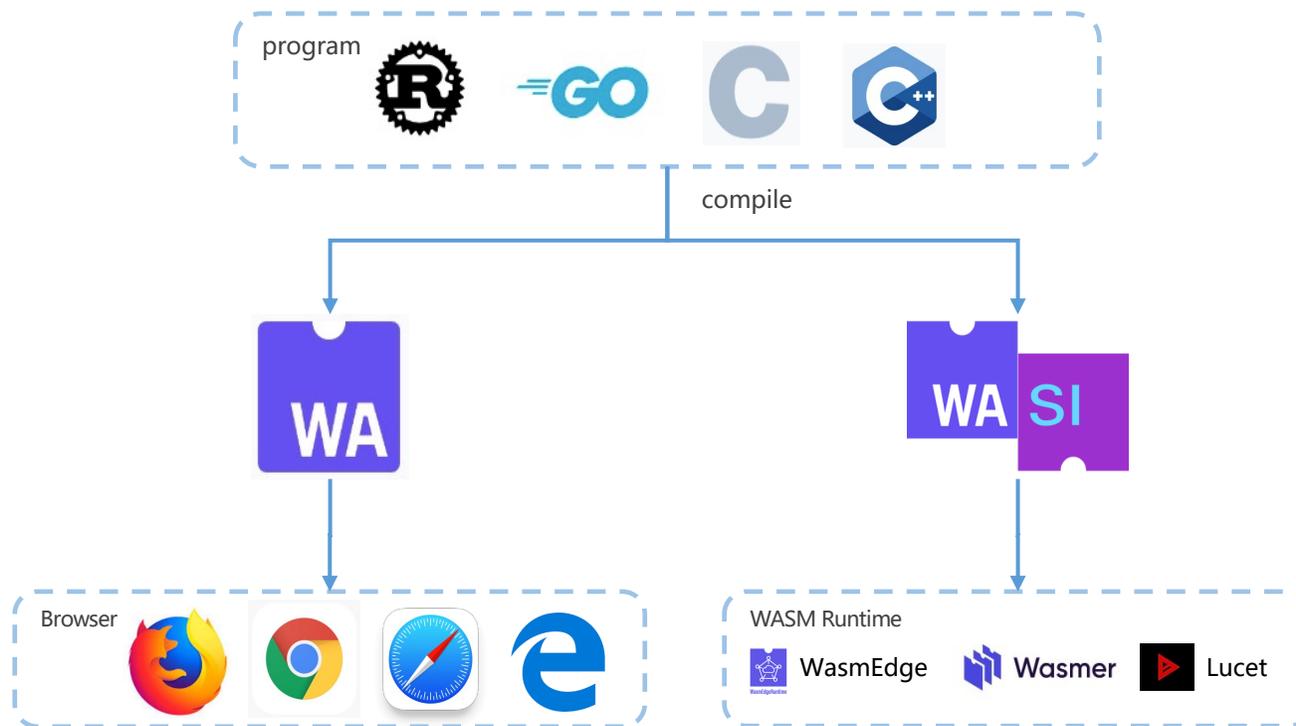


## 优势

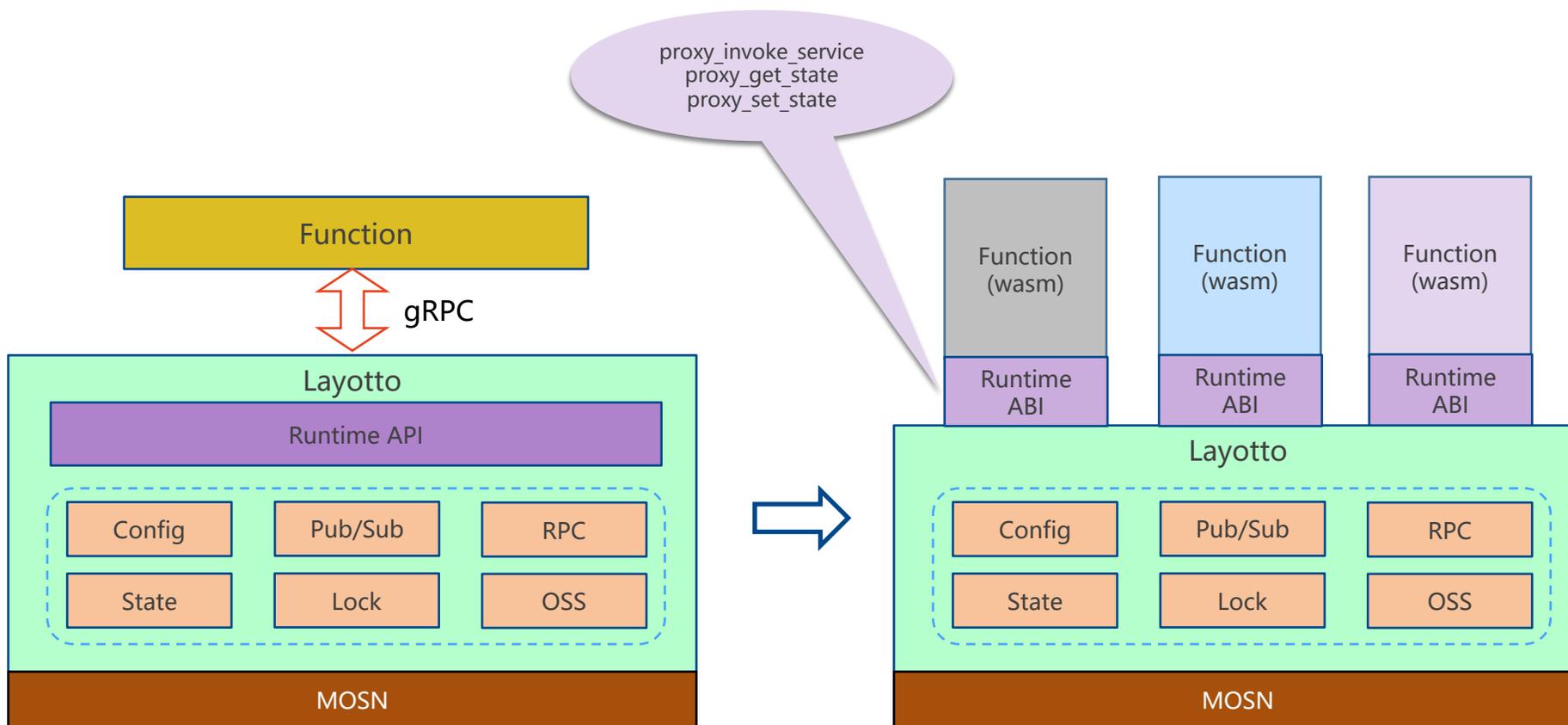
- 性能接近于 native 程序, 体积小
- 沙箱执行环境, 隔离性好
- 语言无关, 跨平台

## 劣势

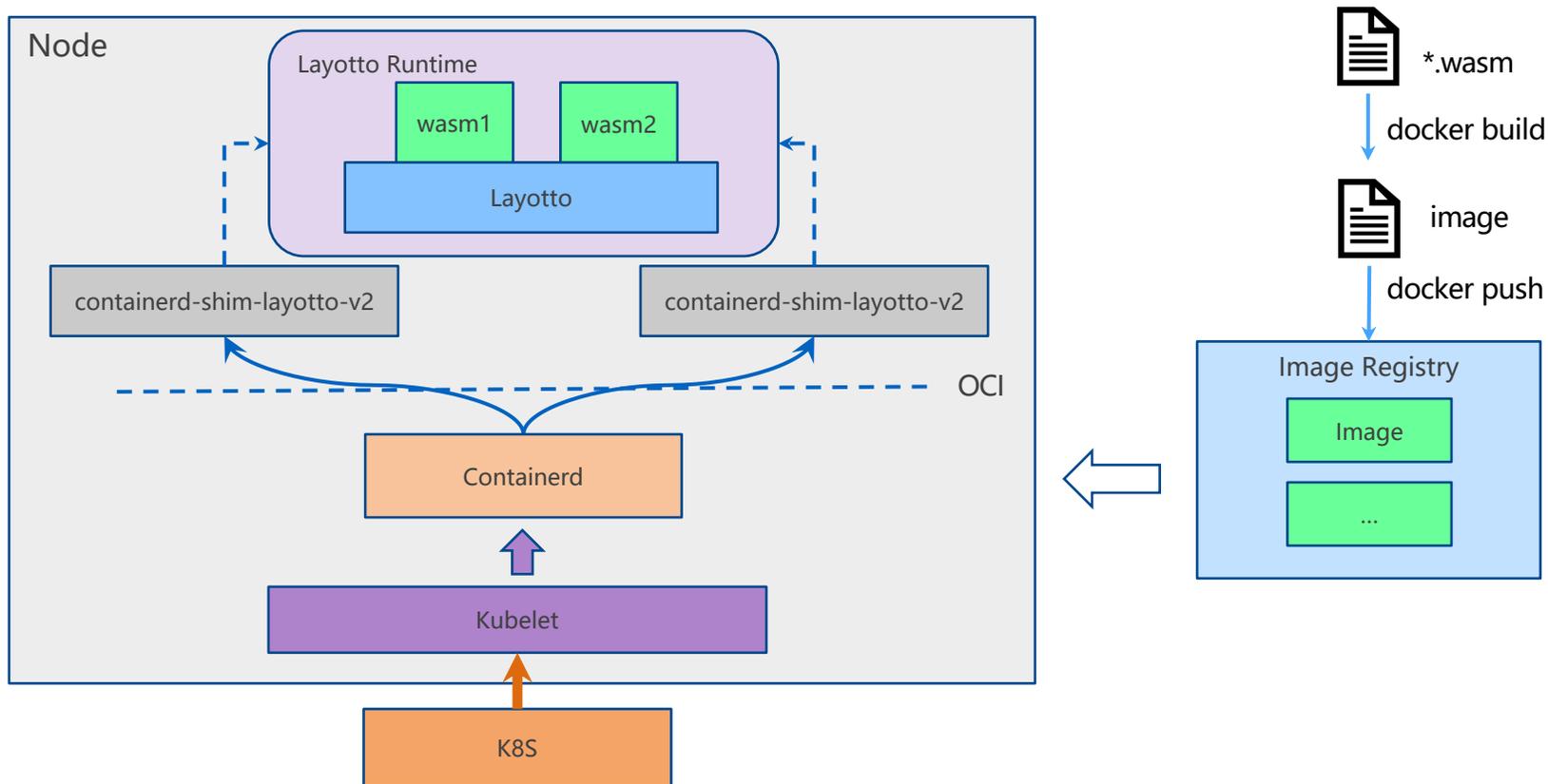
- 各语言支持程度不一
- 生态还不完善, 如 debug 能力
- 各运行时能力参差不齐



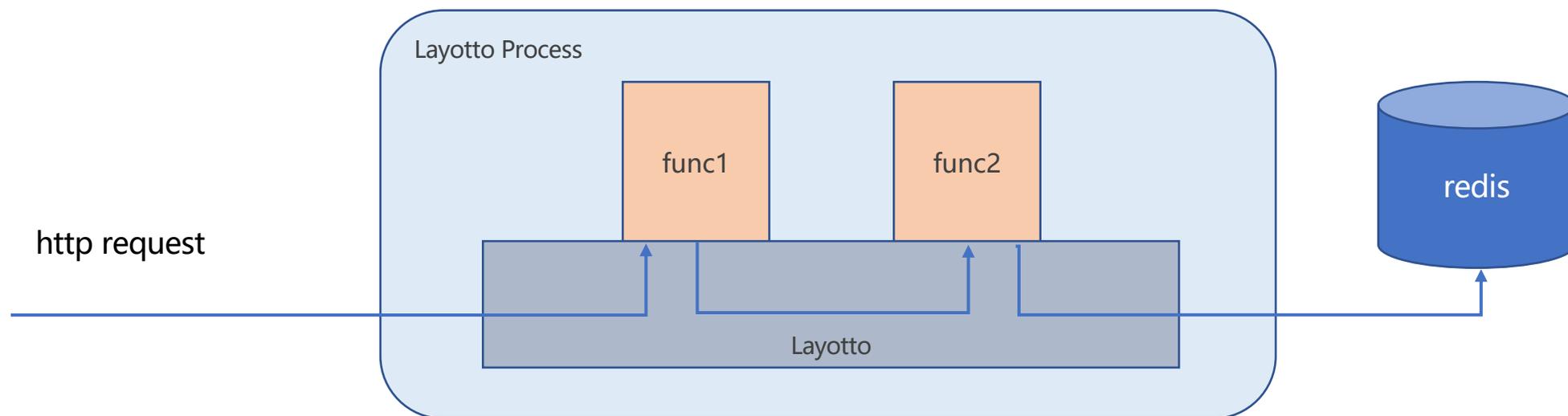
# Layotto 托管函数的探索



# Layotto 托管函数的探索



# Layotto 托管函数的 PoC

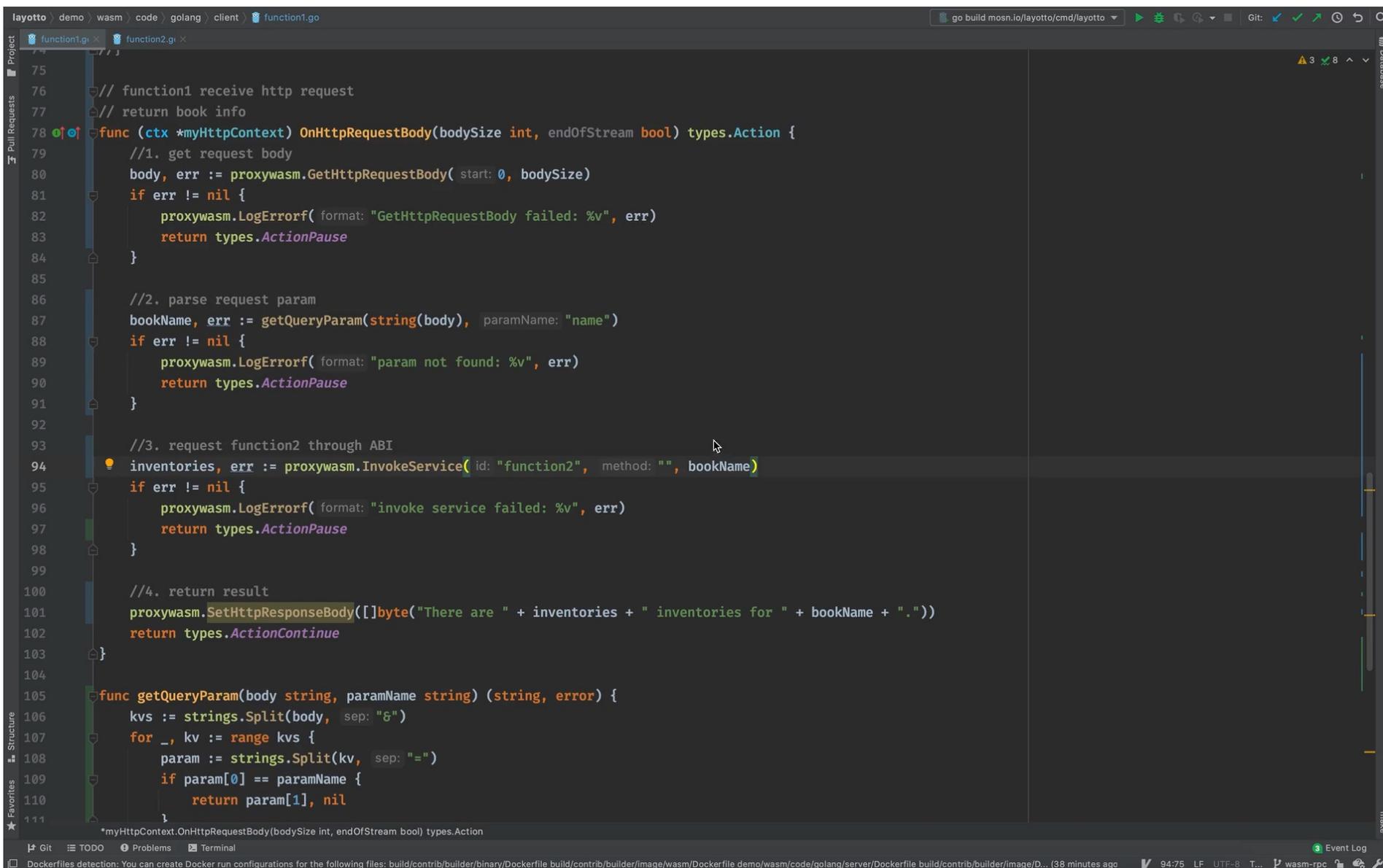


# Layotto 托管函数的 PoC

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```
75
76 // function1 receive http request
77 // return book info
78 func (ctx *myHttpContext) OnHttpRequestBody(bodySize int, endOfStream bool) types.Action {
79     //1. get request body
80     body, err := proxywasm.GetHttpRequestBody( start: 0, bodySize)
81     if err != nil {
82         proxywasm.LogErrorf( format: "GetHttpRequestBody failed: %v", err)
83         return types.ActionPause
84     }
85
86     //2. parse request param
87     bookName, err := getQueryParam(string(body), paramName: "name")
88     if err != nil {
89         proxywasm.LogErrorf( format: "param not found: %v", err)
90         return types.ActionPause
91     }
92
93     //3. request function2 through ABI
94     inventories, err := proxywasm.InvokeService(id: "function2", method: "", bookName)
95     if err != nil {
96         proxywasm.LogErrorf( format: "invoke service failed: %v", err)
97         return types.ActionPause
98     }
99
100     //4. return result
101     proxywasm.SetHttpResponseBody([]byte("There are " + inventories + " inventories for " + bookName + "."))
102     return types.ActionContinue
103 }
104
105 func getQueryParam(body string, paramName string) (string, error) {
106     kvs := strings.Split(body, sep: "&")
107     for _, kv := range kvs {
108         param := strings.Split(kv, sep: "=")
109         if param[0] == paramName {
110             return param[1], nil
111         }
112     }
113 }
```

\*myHttpContext.OnHttpRequestBody(bodySize int, endOfStream bool) types.Action

94 inventories, err := proxywasm.InvokeService(id: "function2", method: "", bookName)

101 proxywasm.SetHttpResponseBody([]byte("There are " + inventories + " inventories for " + bookName + "."))

105 func getQueryParam(body string, paramName string) (string, error) {

106 kvs := strings.Split(body, sep: "&")

107 for \_, kv := range kvs {

108 param := strings.Split(kv, sep: "=")

109 if param[0] == paramName {

110 return param[1], nil

111 }

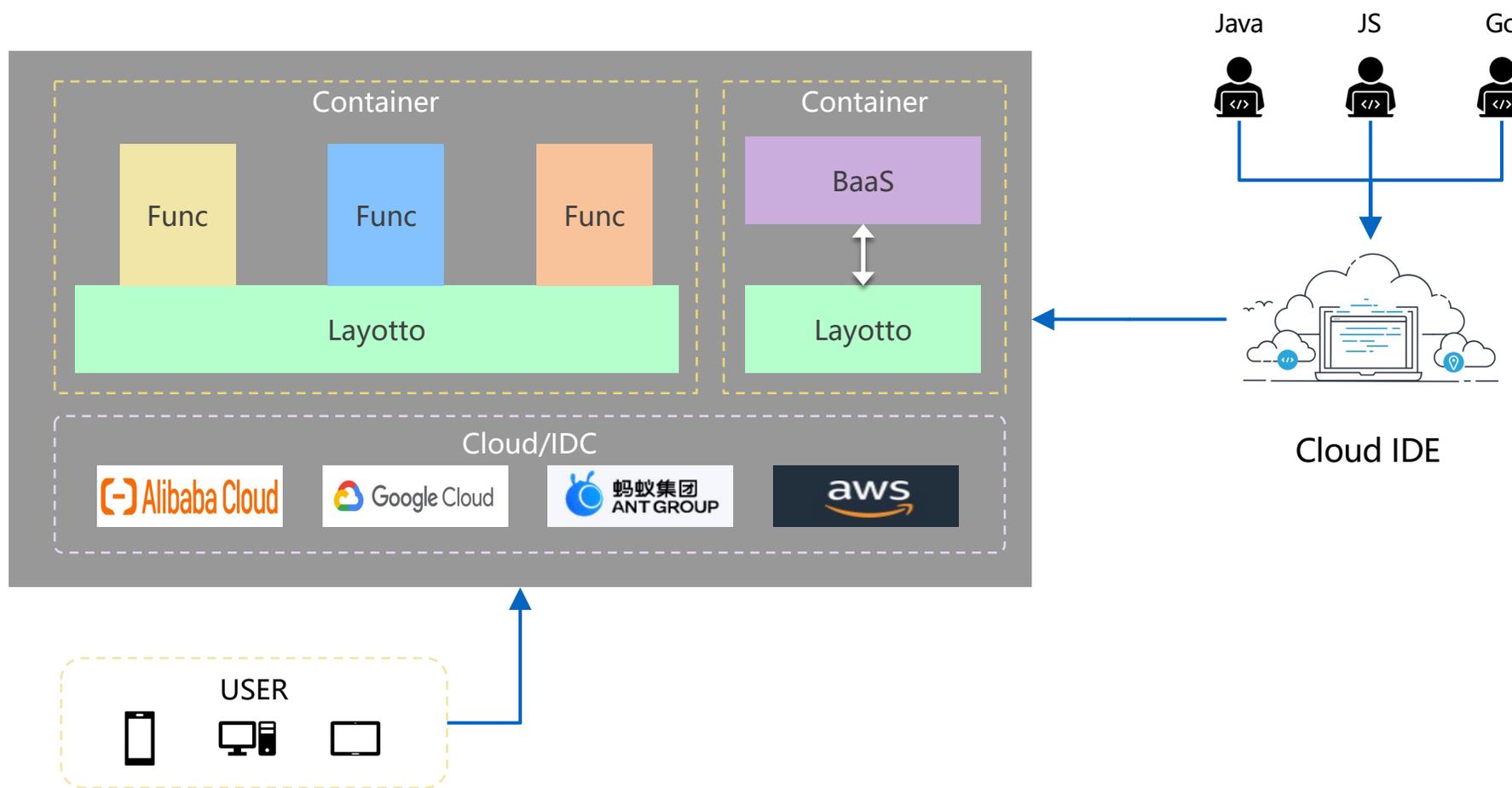
# 展望未来

# 技术基础设施 “消失不见”

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# 感谢观看

## THANK YOU

